## **Home Oxygen Risk Assessment**

Patient Details	Date of Assessment:	
Name:	Location:	
Date of Birth:	Review Date:	
Hospital/NHS	Risk Assessor:	
Number:	NISK ASSESSUI.	

	Ref	Risk Factor	Υ	N	Details	L×	C = R	Current Control Measures	Revised risk so LXC=R	ore
	F1	Patient confirms that the property has working smoke detectors						If no, refer to local fire service for free assessment and installation		
FIRE	F2	Smoking/ vaping						Cigarettes/Electronic cigarettes must not be used whilst receiving oxygen therapy.  Refer to stop smoking service □  Patient declines smoking cessation □  Consider showing a short video recording of risks with smoking and oxygen (video) □		
	F3	In process of stopping smoking						Consider waiting six weeks whilst undergoing smoking cessation. □ Discuss necessity for home oxygen and where appropriate, arrange case conference/best interests meeting to consider installation or removal □		

R	ef	Risk Factor	Υ	N	Details	L			Revise LXC=R	d risk score
F4	4	Other smokers in property						Instruct patients, carers and visitors NOT to smoke in any part of the house where oxygen is used and advise fully of the risks associated with smoking and oxygen		
F5	5	Previous fire/ burns in home						Arrange home safety check with Fire and Rescue service □		
F6	6	House of multiple occupancy/ nursing home						Ensure all people in the property can leave independently $\square$		
FIRE F1RE	7	Open fires, naked flames, e.g. candles						Storage of equipment should not be located within 3m (10ft) of open flame or 1.5m of other electrical appliance, naked flame, fires, sparking objects		
F8	8	Gas cooker						Oxygen should not be used whilst cooking with gas.  Electric hobs should be used with caution. The tubing must not touch appliance		
FS	9	Issues with storage of oxygen equipment						Review oxygen equipment to ensure minimum amount to meet patients clinical need  Patient agrees not to tamper or move equipment  Patient understands the importance of fire breaks		
F1	10	Combustible materials e.g. clutter, boxes, magazines etc						See above	TOTAL	:-

	Ref	Risk Factor	Υ	N	Details	Lx	С	= R	Control Measures	Revised	l risk score
ITY TO MANAGE	A1	Cognitive impairment							Reinforce patient/carer understands the correct use of the oxygen therapy  Assess patient or carer's ability to operate the concentrator  Consideration of 2 <sup>nd</sup> concentrator/ piped installation  Ensure patient has access to a phone/emergency contact in case of emergency  Consider locking oxygen flow rate   Consider locking oxygen flow rate		
INABILIT	A2	History of drug/alcohol dependency							See above		
	А3	Vulnerable dependents in residence							See above	Total :-	

	Ref	Risk Factor	Υ	N	Details	L	_ x C =	= R	Control Measures	Revised	l risk sco	ere
FALLS	F1	History of falls in last 3 months							Advise patients/carers to check position of tubing daily to minimise risks of falls   Current oxygen tubing must be an appropriate length to meet patient's needs.   Consider second concentrator/piped installation   Liaise with relevant service team regarding mobility, prior to installation   Ensure the patient can safely climb stairs whilst on oxygen, if appropriate   Consider referral to falls service/GP  Assess if the patient can leave the property unaided			
	F2	Visual impairments							See above			
	F3	Environment e.g. clutter/ hoarding							See above	TOTAL	:-	

					LxC = R		: R		
 Ref	Risk Factor	Y	N	Details				Control Measures	Revised risk score LXC=R
C1	Non- adherence with assessment and/or review process							All, except patients on end of life pathway should be formally assessed prior to commencing oxygen therapy.  Patient will be recalled for review according to national guidance at a mutually convenient time and place  Patients will be educated on when and how to use oxygen at the time of prescribing  Reason for oxygen will be discussed at each review  Significant carers, family and other healthcare professionals involved in patient care will be educated on why oxygen has been prescribed.	
C2	Non- compliance with oxygen prescription							See above	
C3	Inappropriat e transportatio n of ambulatory oxygen							Patient has received advice regarding appropriate walking aid in relation to oxygen delivery system and dyspnoea management.   Clinician to order appropriate walking aid if clinically indicated and with agreement from patient.   Ensure appropriate backpack and/ or trolley is ordered and used in consultation with the patient.	Total :-

	Ref	Risk Factor	Υ	N	Details	LXC	C = R	Control Measures		ed risk score R
FOUS	M1	Use of alcohol based liquids e.g. hand gels, aftershave						Ensure hands are adequately dried after the use of alcohol gels		
MISCELLAN	M2	Use of oil based emollients e.g. Vaseline						Instruct patients and/ or carers not to use oil based emollients on patients nostrils   Direct patients to pharmacist for alternative treatments	Total:	-

HAZARD	RISK SCORE	REVISED RISK SCORE
FIRE		
INABILITY TO MANAGE		
TRIPS/FALLS		
NON-COMPLIANCE		
MISCELLANEOUS		
TOTAL		

	Risk Score Matrix												
		Likelihood:											
Consequence:	Rare (1)	Unlikely (2)	Possible (3)	Likely (4)	Almost Certain (5)								
Insignificant (1)	1	2	3	4	5								
Minor (2)	2	4	6	8	10								
Moderate (3)	3	6	9	12	15								
Major (4)	4	8	12	16	20								
Catastrophic (5)	5	10	15	20	25								

Risk Colour	Risk Colour	Risk Level	Identifier	Action Required
GREEN	0-6	Low	Control measures are in place or risk of harm is insignificant	Continue usual control measures, reinforce education, update documentation, see at planned review Incident form to be completed if the patient sustains injury or harm related to oxygen.
AMBER	6-14	Medium	Likelihood of major harm if control measures not implemented	Ensure all current safety control measures are in place including fire safety involvement Implement and reinforce control measures Inform patient's GP and MDT in wider community Involve carers/next of kin in discussion of safety issues Review risk after 4 weeks.  Incident form to be completed if the patient sustains injury or harm related to oxygen.  Score 8 or above or factors outside of our control, to be flagged up to service manager to be discussed at Senior Management Team (SMT) meeting for consideration of entry onto risk register
RED	15+	High	Significant probability of major harm	Do not prescribe oxygen and review RA in 3 months (with ongoing clinical review)  Ensure all current safety control measures are in place including fire safety involvement Implement and reinforce control measures  Urgent discussion with senior manager/consultant/GP/MDT  Inform next of kin and carers of the seriousness of the condition.  Arrange for removal of oxygen and consider admission to hospital if removal is likely to result in severe hypoxia.  Incident form to be completed if the patient sustains injury or harm related to oxygen  Score 8 or above or factors outside of our control, to be flagged up to service manager to be discussed at Senior Management Team (SMT) meeting for consideration of entry onto risk register

## **Action plan**

Ref	Action	Risk assessor	Patients signature	Due date	Risk assessor	Completed date	Outcome
				/ /		/ /	

## Review

Review	1	2	3	4	5
Date					

## Notes for completing home oxygen risk assessment form:

Oxygen can cause a risk of harm to the user and others in the event of fires, falls and inability to use complex equipment. The identification and onward communication of these risks is the responsibility of the health care professional ordering the oxygen and remains so until that prescription ceases, or is superseded.

- Complete IHORM first and only use the Home oxygen risk assessment if risks identified
- It is impossible to eliminate risk entirely, therefore those risks should be identified and a control measure put into place. The risk assessment is subjective and therefore it is your own judgement of the situation. You are documenting and justifying the decisions you are making.
- Document detail of risk. Score the likelihood x consequence = risk (see the universal risk matrix), but only if risk is applicable. When using the risk matrix please refer to your individual area's definitions as to what constitutes the severity of risk and the likelihood/probability to support your decision.
- Risks should be totalled at the end of each section and treated individually.
- The score leads you to the outcome of the assessment and the decision whether to order the oxygen
- Once the control measures have been implemented complete a revised risk score . Sometimes control measures may be implemented immediately i.e prior to the patient being discharged from hospital
- The risk score or revised risk score leads you to the outcome of the assessment and the decision whether to order the oxygen
- Complete outstanding action plan at the end of the assessment. Both risk assessor and patient should sign the assessment. A due date is agreed and appointment subsequently arranged. At follow up the action is reviewed and outcome is written and risk assessor signs at this review to check if actions implemented and risk minimised.
- If the patient is already on oxygen and risks have been identified, please complete the risk assessment and actions to be implemented in the same format. This may mean removing the oxygen if considered unsafe or consider a multi-disciplinary meeting to address the concerns.
- Review date subsequently arranged.
- Reviews should be take place based on risk rating and significant changes (e.g incident, change of location etc)
- · Copy to patient
- Copy in notes
- · Copy in patients electronic file